



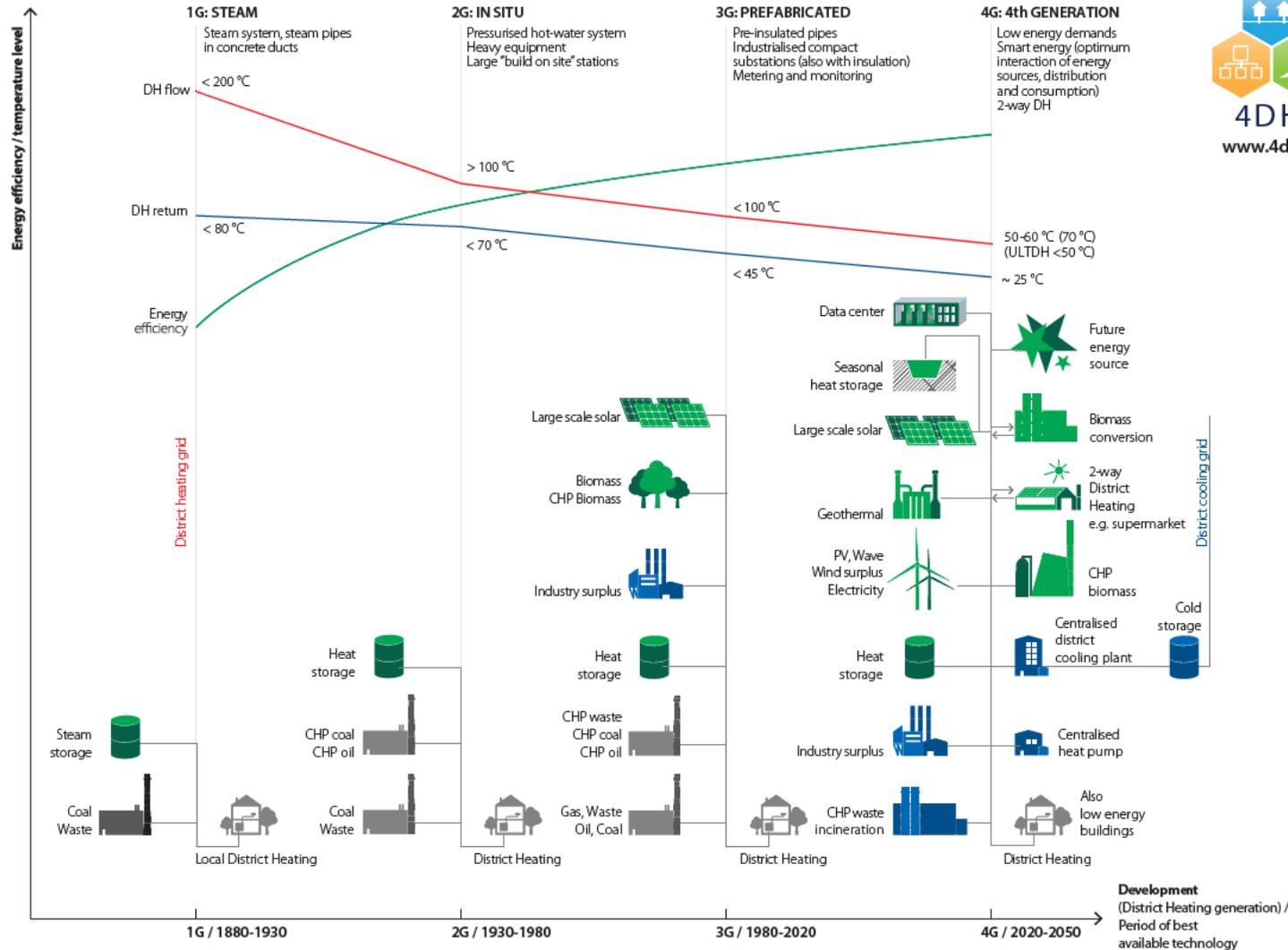
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Heating Grids Evolution



We see in the development of grids a huge focus on central plants and generating energy in a greener way which means:

- Dependant on weakest point in the grid
- Not flexible to enduser modifications
- 24/7 need for delivering heat 'at the front door' with large efficiency losses
- No cooling supply integrated

DECENTRALIZED NETWORK = CLOUD

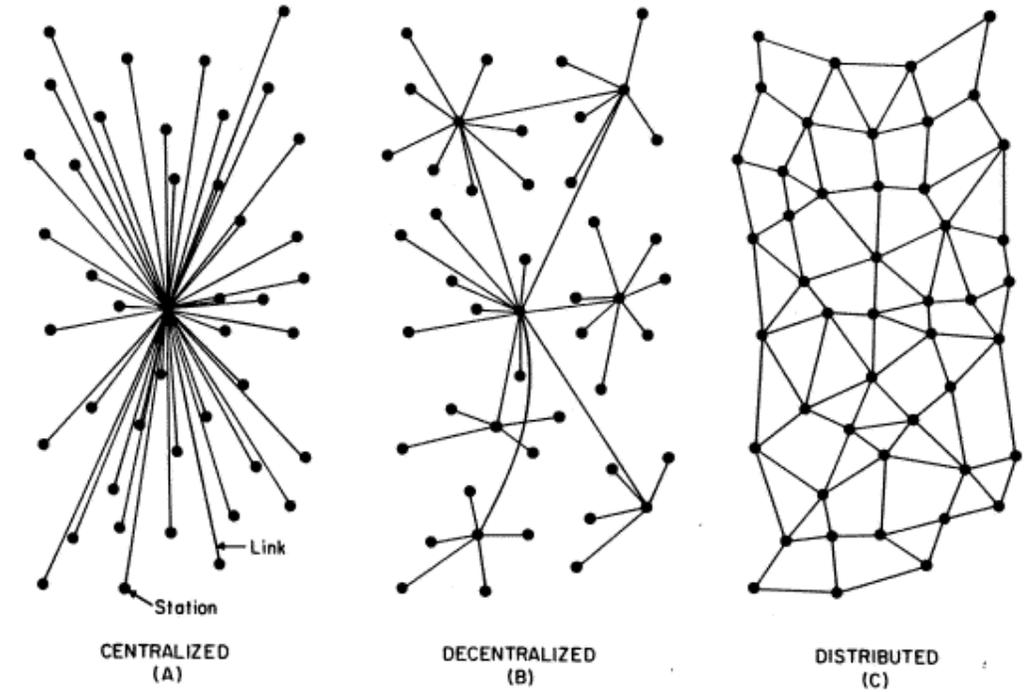
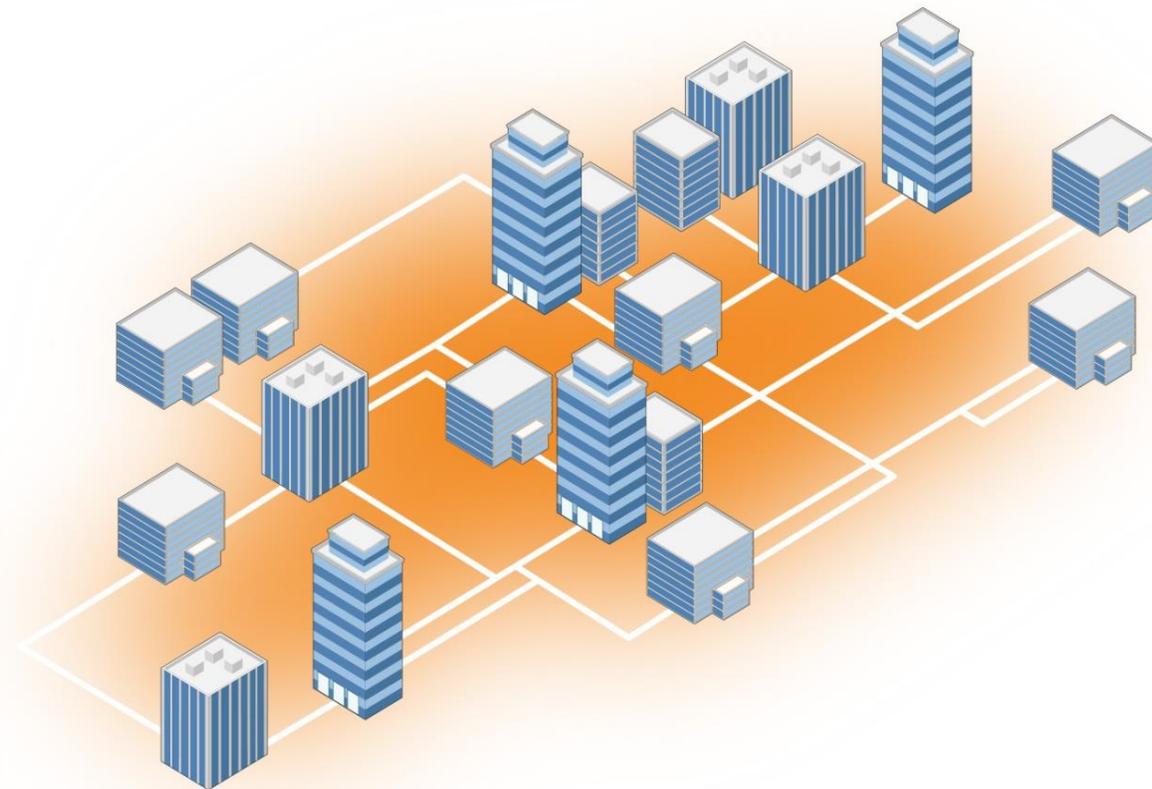
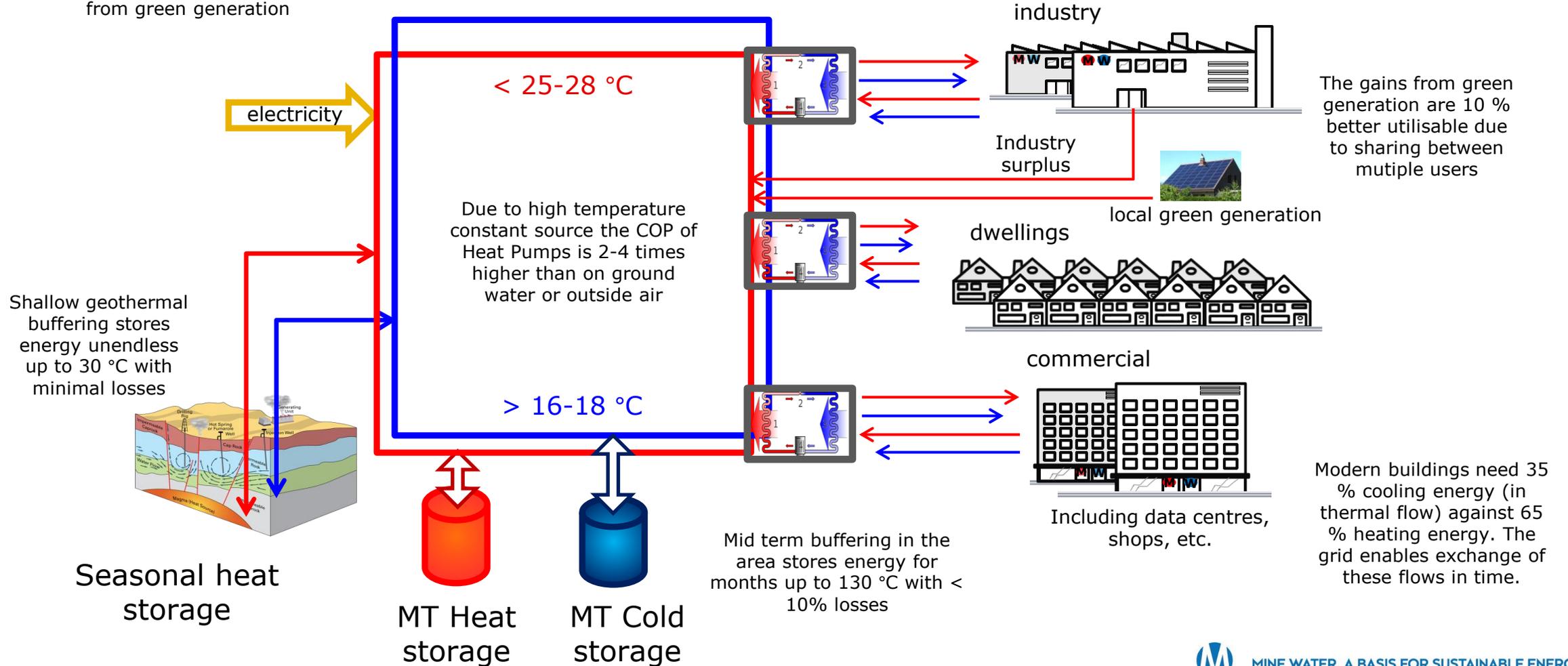


FIG. 1 – Centralized, Decentralized and Distributed Networks

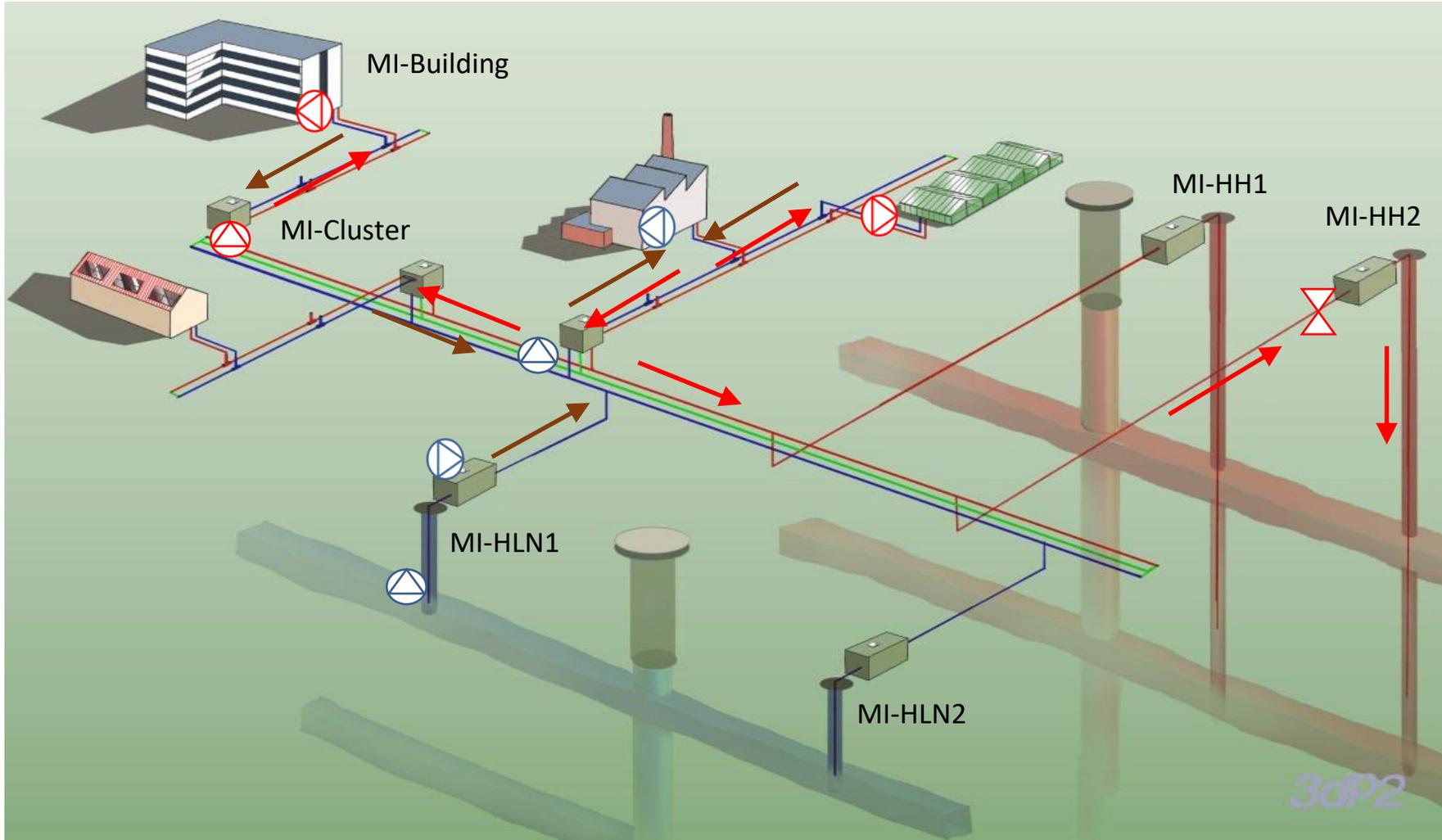
5GDHC concept in Heerlen

The only needed external energy is electricity (gasless solution) which can be derived from green generation

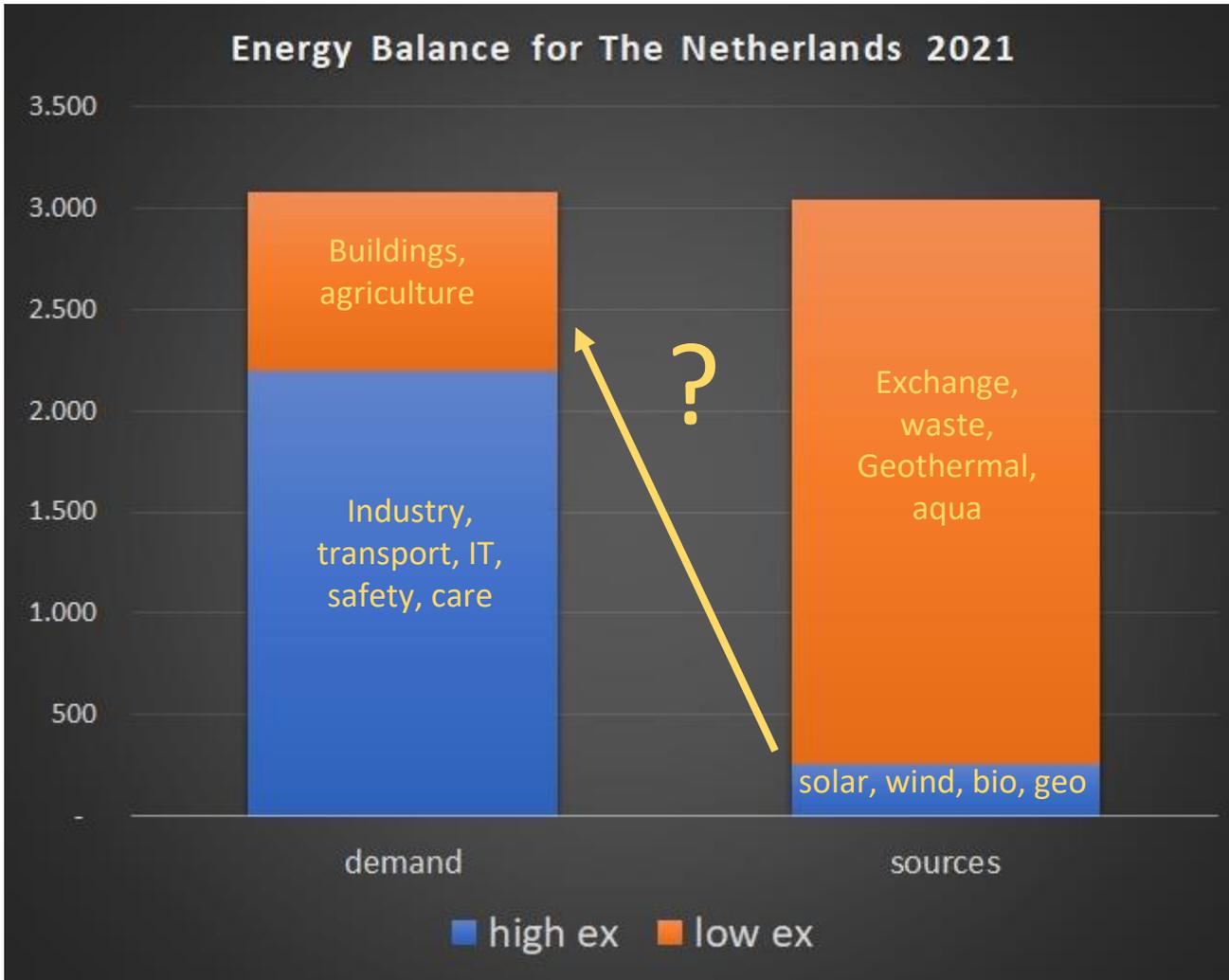
Due to low temperature grid gains from datacentres, greenhouses, solar collectors, etc. are utilisable leaving from 28 °C



Decentral demand driven twin pipe system



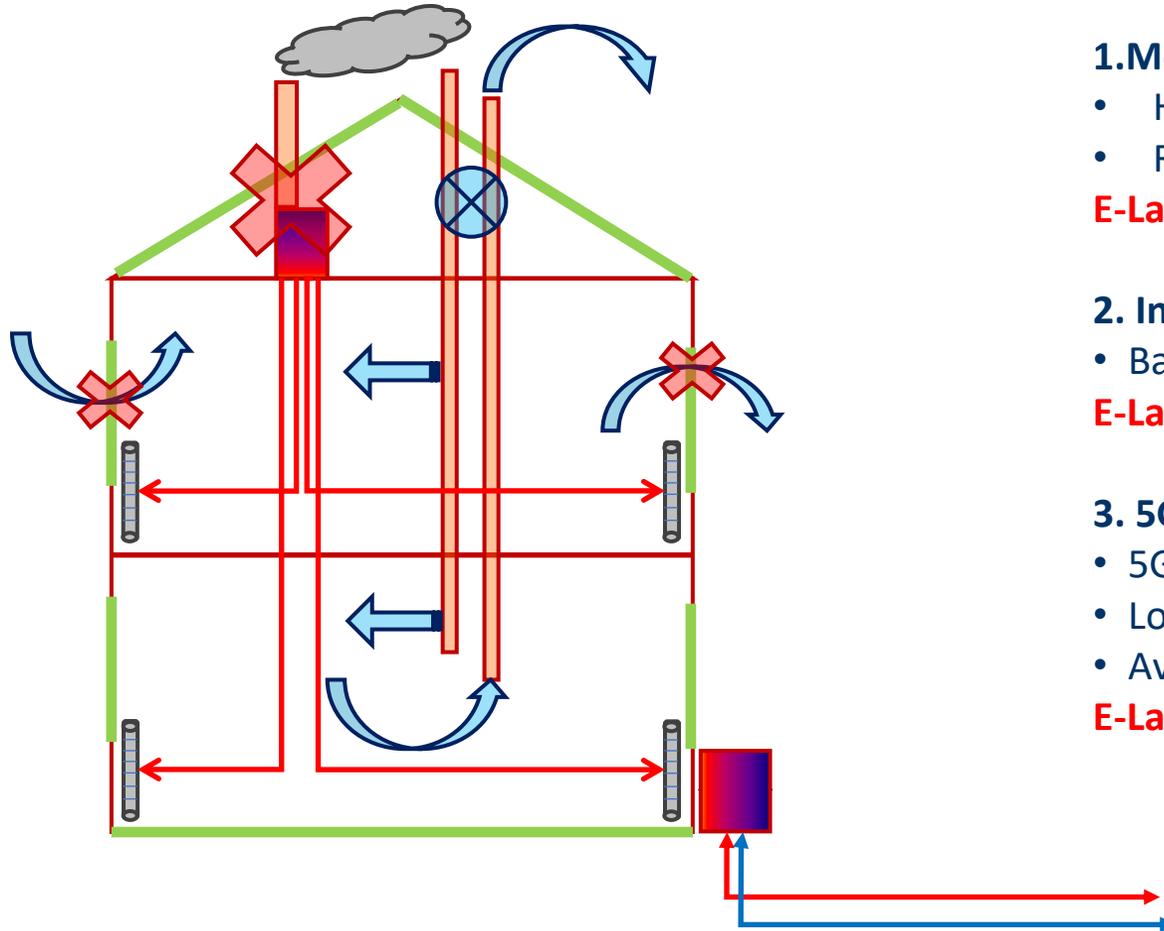
High and low graded energy



- We can distinguish high graded and low graded energy
- All fossils are (very) high graded
- High grade green sources are limited, because of spatial restrictions, timing, costs, time, raw materials ??
- Huge availability of low graded waste heat and low graded sources
- A limited share of demand can be supported by low grade

About 25% of the total energy demand is low-value energy (to be fed with exchange, residual heat, waste heat), the remainder is high-quality energy

Housing renovation approach



1. Measures building envelope

- HE++ glazing € 5.000,-
- Roof/underfloorinsulation € 4.000,-

E-Label F -> C; $T_{\text{radiators}} 90 \rightarrow 70 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

2. Installations

- Balanced venting with HR € 5.000,-

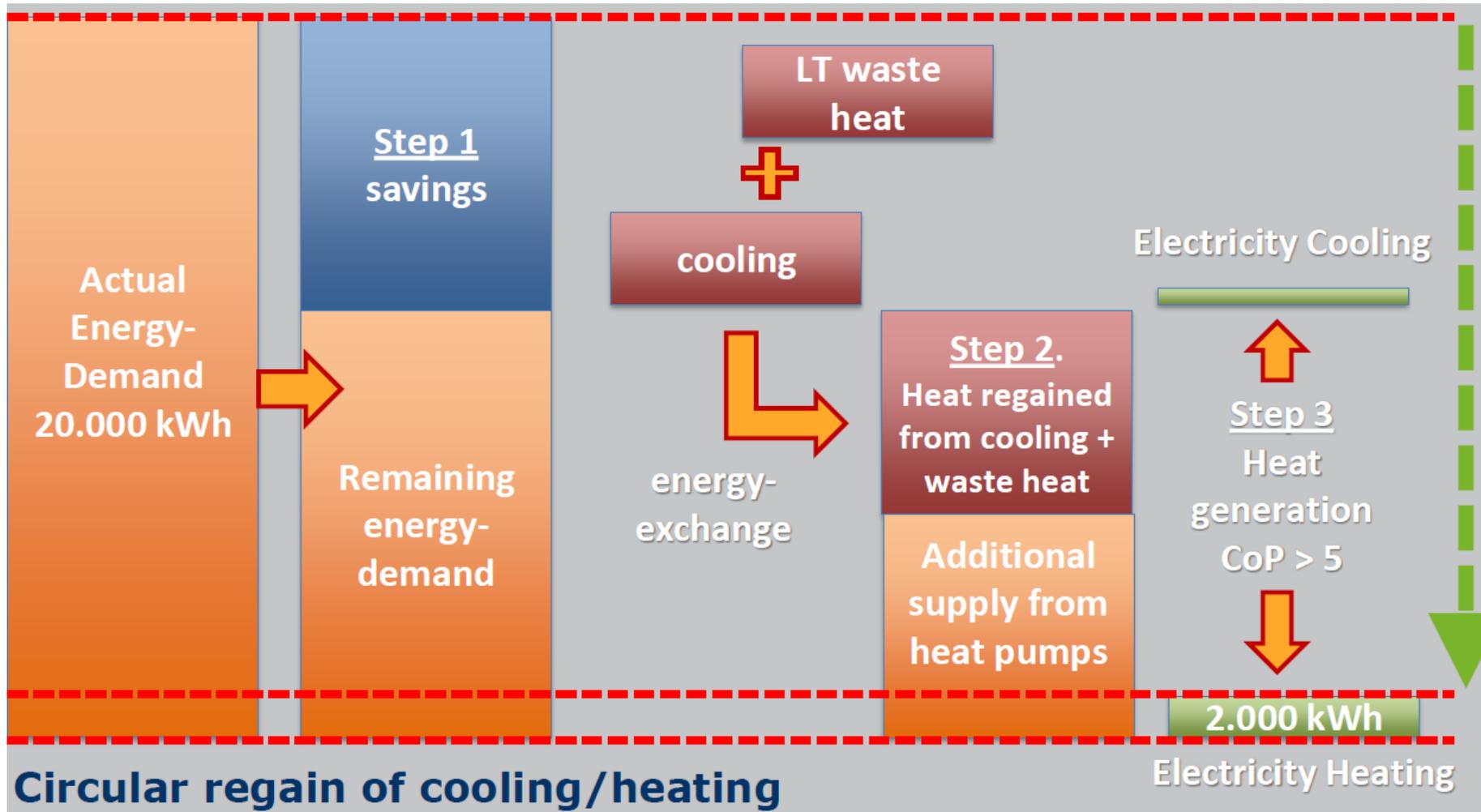
E-Label C -> A; $T_{\text{radiators}} 70 \rightarrow 50 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

3. 5GDHC-Grid connection

- 5GDHC grid € 15.000,-
- Local heatpump € 5.000,-
- Avoided costs gas boiler - € 2.500,-

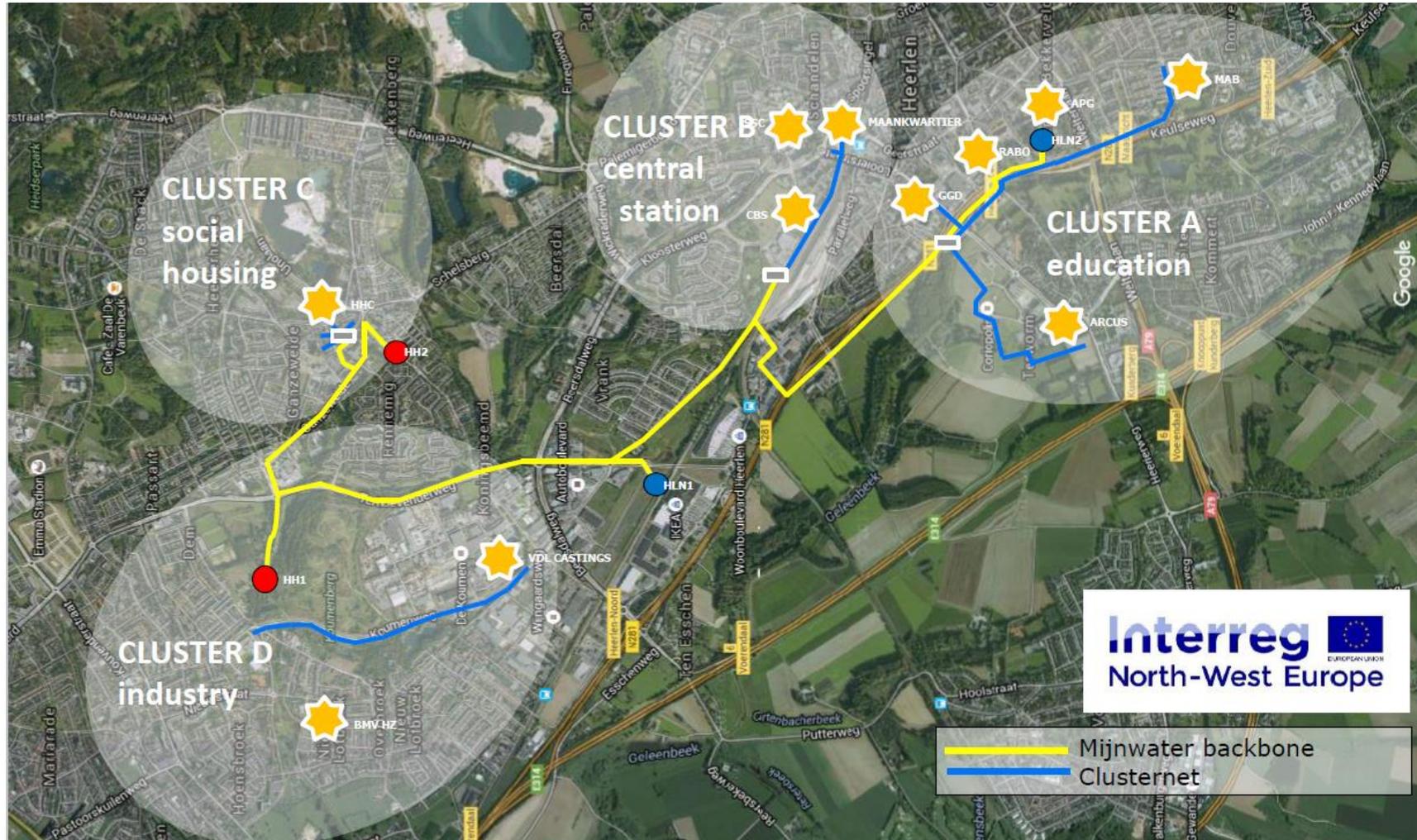
E-Label A -> energy neutral (A⁺⁺⁺)

Urban Energy Concept



- 90% energy demand reduction potential via circular use & reuse and high-efficiency
- Especially advantageous for high-density, urban areas
 - 2,000 kWh= 10 PV panels

Actual grid layout Heerlen



Mijnwater 5GDHC connected



- Central Station
- Offices
- Supermarket
- Parking
- 100 dwellings
- Hotel

50.000 m² multifunctional development in the centre of Heerlen

Prefabricated energy exchange stations

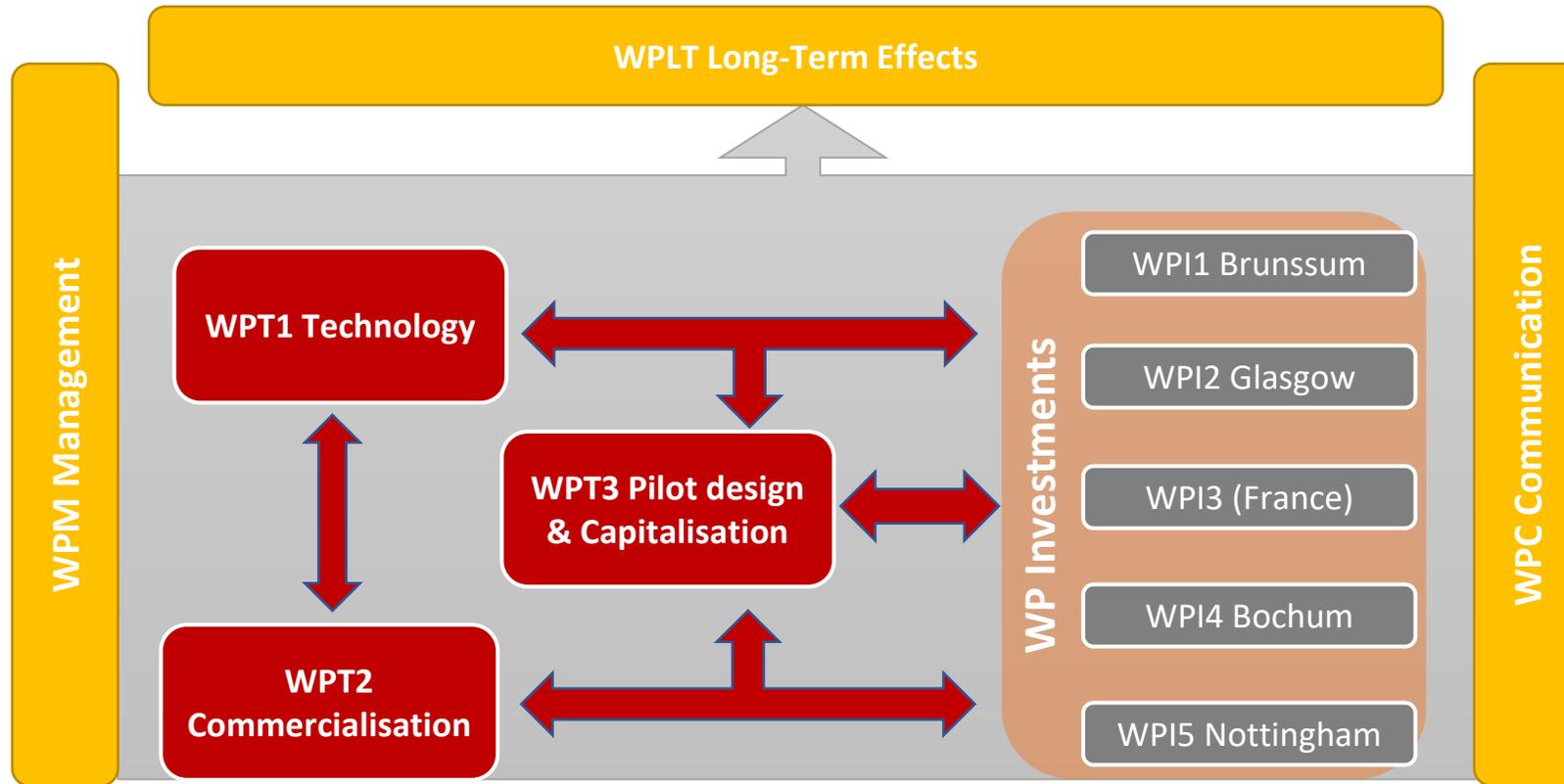


Decentral energy substations



Interreg-NWE D2Grids Project

Budget M€ 24,0 EDRF M€ 14,4



PROJECT AREA

5 pilot sites

- Bochum (DE) • Brunssum (NL) • Glasgow (UK) • Nottingham (UK) • Paris-Saclay (FR) •

Lead partner

 **MINE WATER, A BASIS FOR SUSTAINABLE ENERGY**
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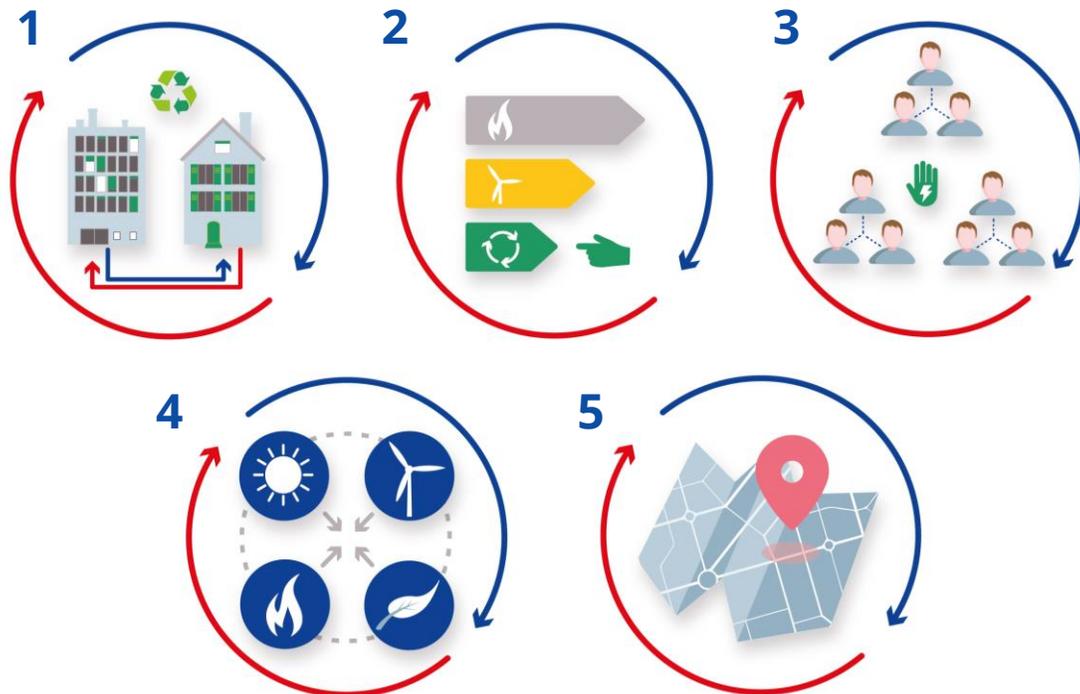
Project partners



Increasing the share of renewable energy by accelerating the roll-out of demand-driven smart grids delivering low temperature heating and cooling to NWE cities <https://5gdhc.eu/>

Definition 5GDHC principles

5th generation DHC is an urban thermal energy grid for heating and cooling based on the following 5 principles :



1/ Closing the energy loop

An optimized system allowing exchange of heat and cold between end users. To prevent waste, energy exchange occurs first at the scale of the building, then within the neighborhood and finally at the city level.

2/ Using low-grade sources for low-grade demand

In 5GDHC we match the supply with the requested quality level of the demand.

3/ Decentralized & demand-driven energy supply

Circulating energy within the system only when and where needed, as close as possible to the end-user

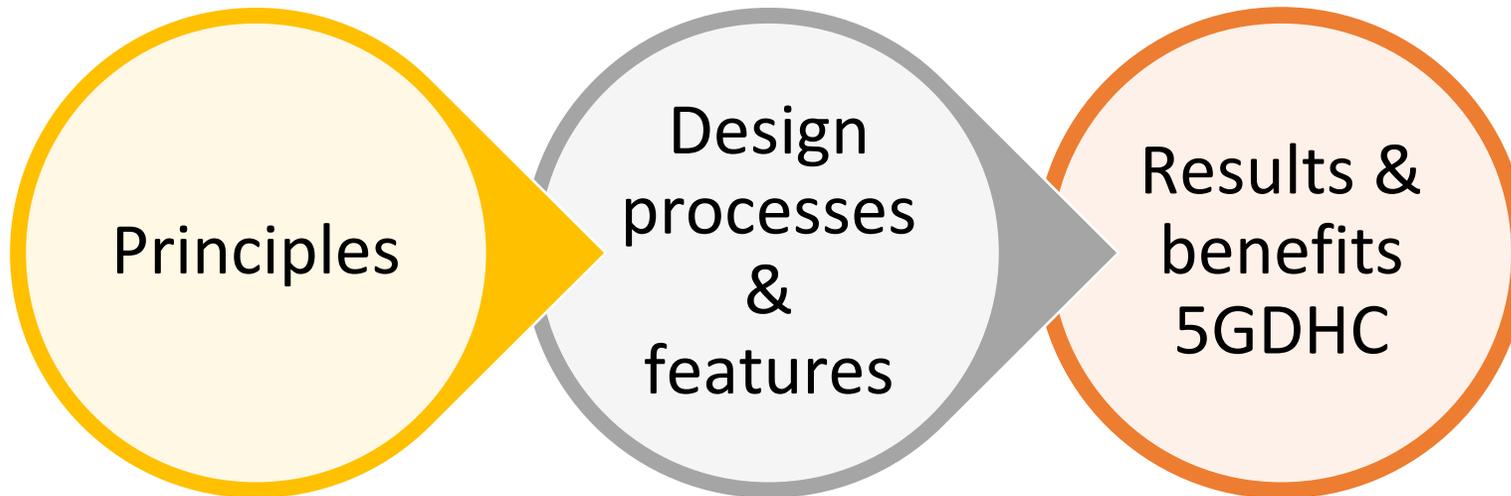
4/ An integrated approach of energy flows

Connecting heating and cooling to other energy flows (power grid, hydrogen conversion, solar plants, etc.) to avoid energy waste across sectors and reduce peak loads.

5/ Local sources as a priority

Avoiding big investments and energy loss during transport, while stimulating the local economy.

Why principles and not key defining features (like technologies) ?



- Principles do not stand alone; completed by system boundaries and assessment criteria (KPI's)
- Principles give flexibility to let 5GDHC concept adapt to future tech innovations & optimizations
- Principles show what the *results* can be by implementing certain design processes and features

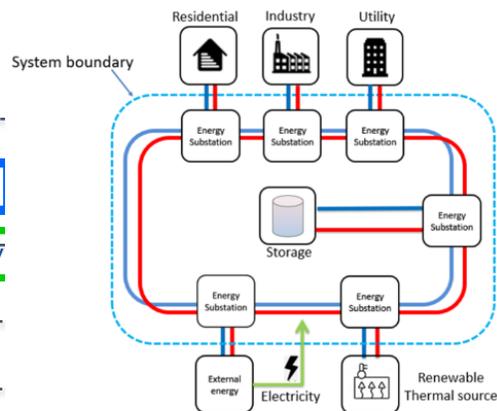
1. It is easy to find consensus on the principles, e.g. “this is the right thing to do”
2. The principles give a easy approach for discussing solutions o a high level

5GDHC assesment

Principles

- 1 Closing the energy loop
- 2 Low-graded sources for low-graded demand
- 3 Decentralized & demand-driven energy supply
- 4 An integrated approach of energy flows
- 5 Local sources as a priority

System boundary



KPI's

- $E_{ext} = f(E_{ref}) \dots\dots 100\% \dots\dots 20\% \dots\dots -10\%$
- $E_{tot} = a \cdot E_{hh} + b \cdot E_h + c \cdot E_0 + \dots\dots k \cdot E_{ll}$
- $E_{ext} = f(D=0)$
- $E_{ext,peak} = f(E_{average})$
- $E_{tot} = a \cdot E_{10km} + b \cdot E_{50km} + c \cdot E_{250km} + d \cdot E_{global}$

Improvement options

-  Technology guidelines
-  Datamining and analysis
-  Smart control
-  Key features...
like multilevel storage, multisource,

weighfactor

- 25%
- 30%
- 10%
- 20%
- 15%

5gDHC label

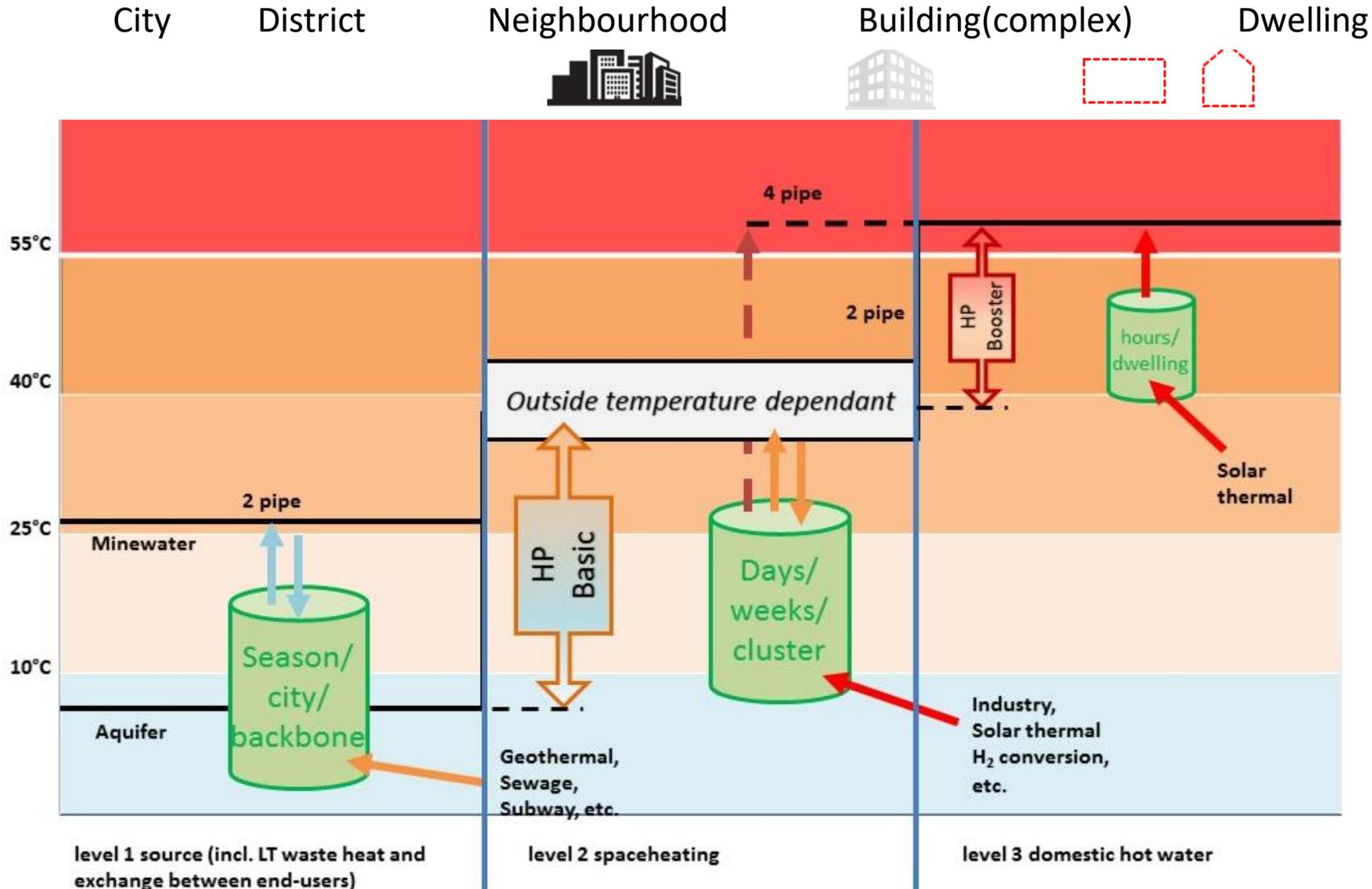
THANK YOU



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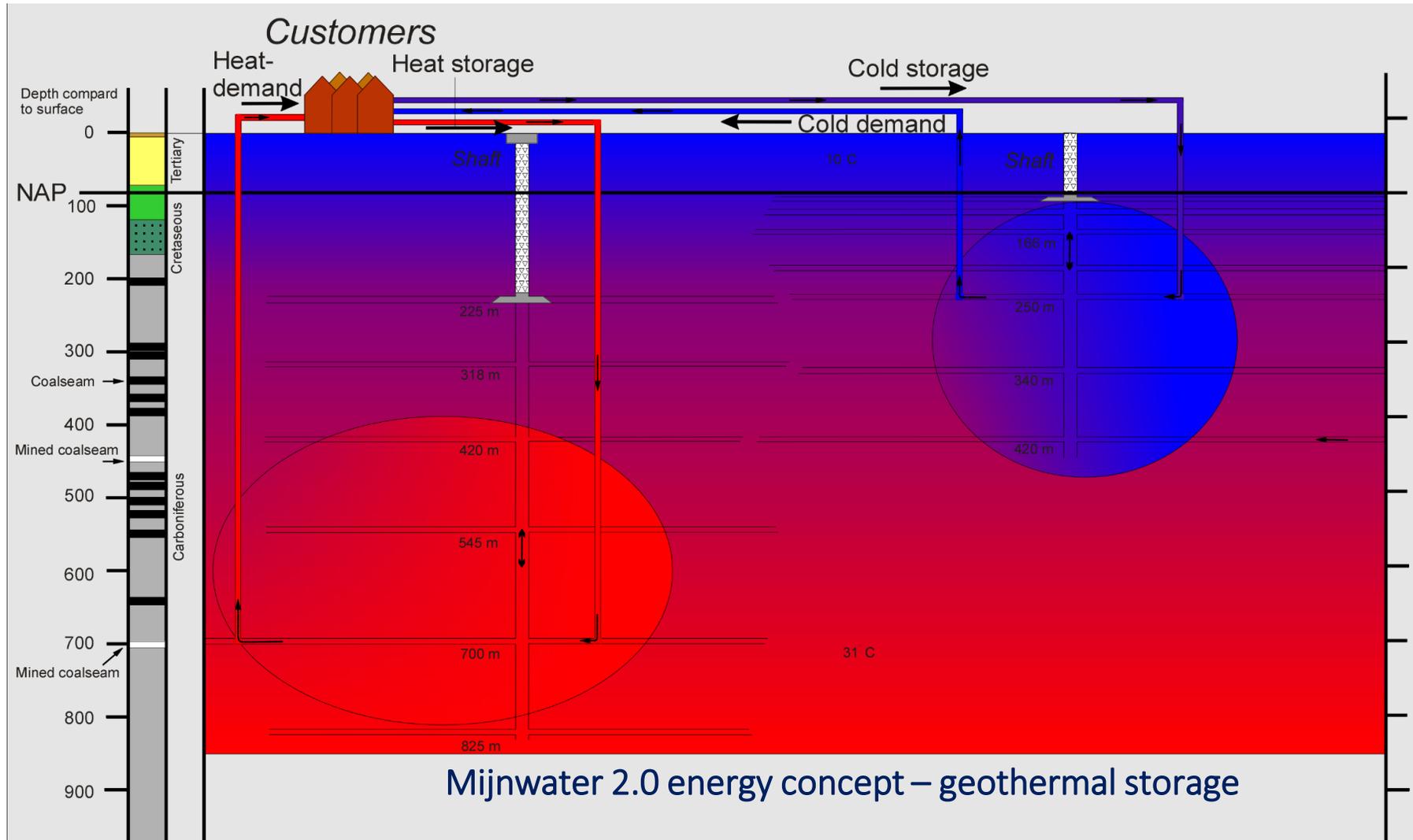
MULTI SOURCE, MULTI LEVEL STORAGE SYSTEM



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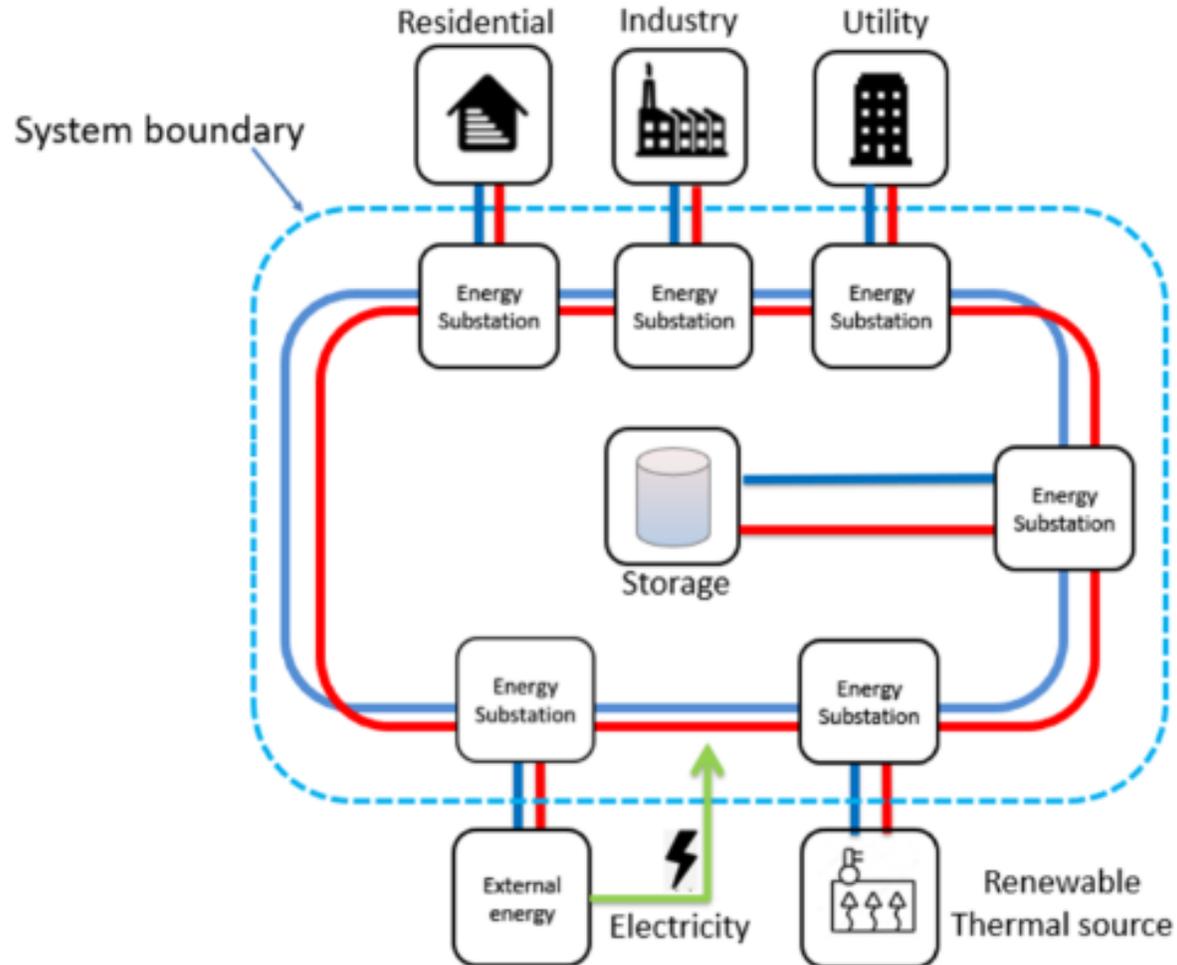
Use of geothermal sources and storage



Background of the project

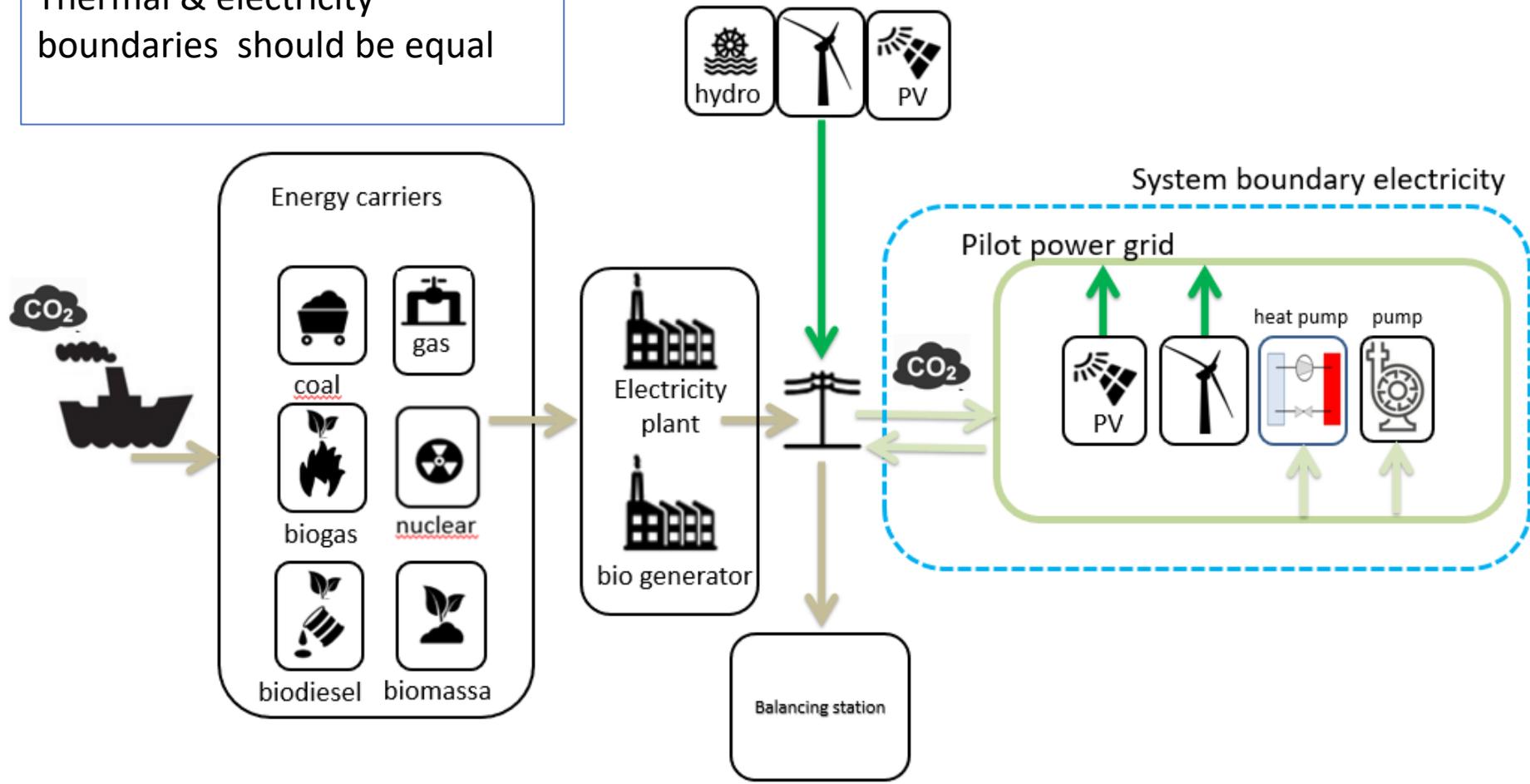
- Mijnwater B.V.'s „**prototype system**” in Heerlen
 - ✓ Access to low-temperature geothermal heat + Integration of waste-heat
 - ✓ Warm & cold storage in flooded mineshafts
 - ✓ Connecting buildings / clusters of buildings via a distributed grid
- Principles of **5th generation district heating and cooling (5GDHC)** have been formulated
 - ✓ 1) low exergy grid utilizing low temperature heat sources;
 - ✓ 2) closed thermal energy loops ensuring hot and cold exchange among clusters of buildings;
 - ✓ 3) ensuring integration and synergy between thermal and electricity grids

System Boundary thermal

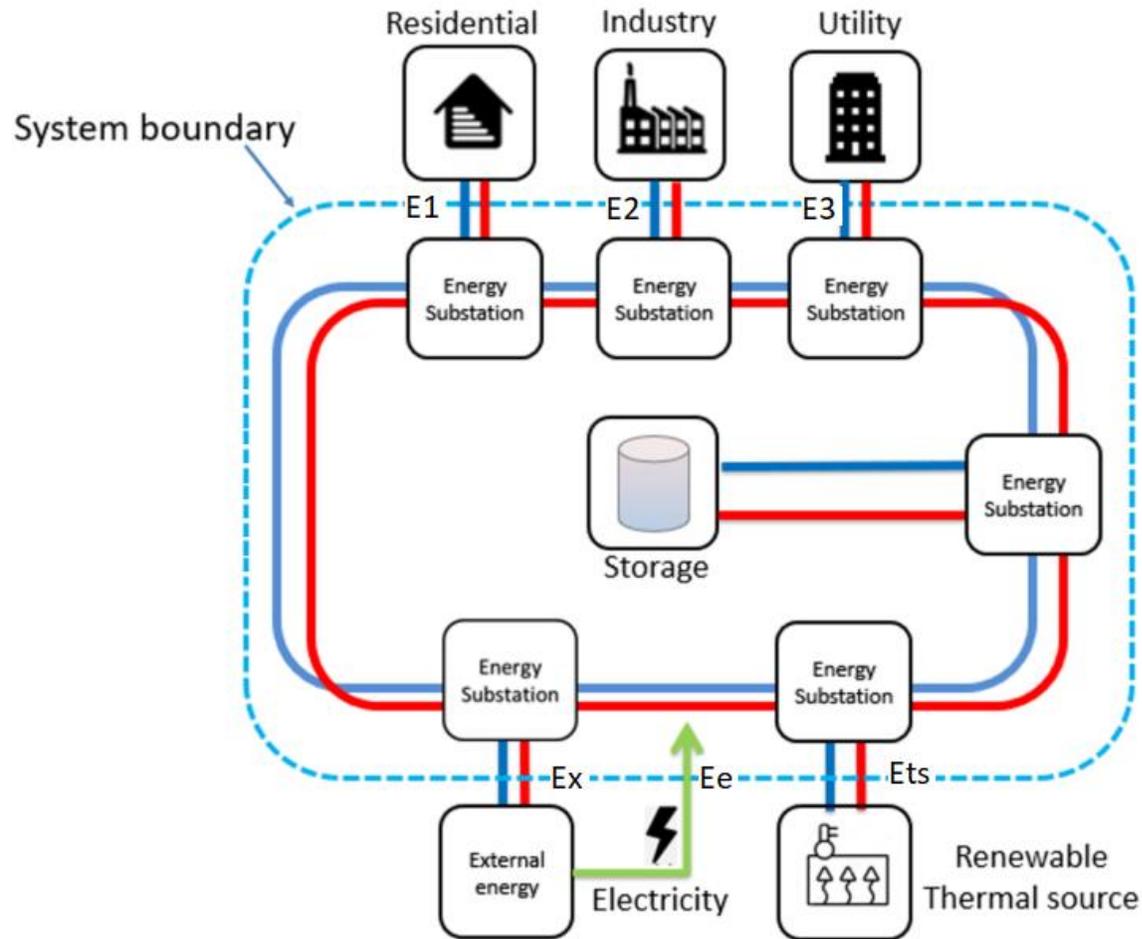


System Boundaries electricity/CO₂

Thermal & electricity boundaries should be equal



An integrated approach of energy flows



Monitoring

